# Eco200: The Quiz 

September 21st, 2007

This quiz has four questions and will be marked out of 100 . Since the individual questions add up to 120 , this gives you some room for manoeuvre. Good luck!

## Question 1 (25 points)

$\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$, and C are statements. The following theorem is true:
if $A$ is true and $B$ is not true then $C$ is true.

Which of the following statements follow from this theorem?
(a) If A is true then C is true.
(b) If A is not true and B is true then C is not true.
(c) If either A is not true or B is true (or both) then C is not true.
(d) If C is not true then A is not true and B is true.
(e) If C is not true then either A is not true or B is true (or both).

## Question 2 (25 points)

Suppose $\left\{x_{n}\right\}$ is a sequence of real numbers such that $x_{n}>a(\forall n)$ and $x_{n} \rightarrow x$.
(i) Is it necessarily true that $x \geq a$ ?
(ii) Is it necessarily true that $x>a$ ?

Your answers should either contain a proof or a counterexample.

## Question 3 (30 points)

Suppose a firm has a convex cost function, in that $c: \mathbb{R}_{+} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{+}$satisfies

$$
c\left(\alpha x+(1-\alpha) x^{\prime}\right) \leq \alpha c(x)+(1-\alpha) c\left(x^{\prime}\right)
$$

for $\alpha \in(0,1)$. Suppose also that $c(0)=0$ and $c(x)$ is increasing in $x$. Show that average costs are increasing in output. That is, $c(x) / x$ is increasing in $x$.

## Question 4 (40 points)

Consider the problem of choosing $(x, y)$ to maximise

$$
f(x, y)=3 x+y
$$

subject to

$$
(x+1)^{2}+(y+1)^{2} \leq 5 \quad \text { and } \quad x \geq 0, y \geq 0
$$

(a) Suppose that $\left(x^{*}, y^{*}\right)$ solves this problem. Is there necessarily a value of $\lambda$ such that $\left(x^{*}, y^{*}, \lambda\right)$ satisfies the Kuhn-Tucker conditions?
(b) Now suppose that $\left(x^{*}, y^{*}, \lambda\right)$ satisfies the Kuhn-Tucker conditions. Does $\left(x^{*}, y^{*}\right)$ necessarily solve the problem?
(c) Given the information in your answers to (a) and (b), use the Kuhn-Tucker method to solve the problem.

