# The Economics of E-commerce and Technology

Introduction

# About yours truly

- Associate Professor, UCLA
- Education: B.A. Economics, Cambridge, and Ph. D. Business Admin, Stanford
- Visiting positions: Columbia, Microsoft Research, Northwestern, NYU, Penn,
- Associate Editor of American Economic Review, Theoretical Economics, International Economic Review
- Research: Auctions, Dynamic Pricing, Reputation



## Outline for Lecture 1

- Purpose of course
- Logistics and teaching method
- Overview of course
- Examples of topics we'll cover

# Purpose of this Class

#### This Course

#### This course will

- Identify the major issues facing technology and online firms.
- Analyze strategies these firms could take.
- Look at examples of real-life firms and their evolution.

## We take a strategic approach

"Developing a broad formula for how a business is going to compete, what its goals should be, and what policies will be needed to carry out these goals" (Porter, Competitive Strategy)

# What you will learn

#### Economic tools

- Portable ideas to enable you to analyze strategic problems
- Think about key factors in an industry from first principles.
- ▶ The key issues facing specific industries
  - Through case studies you will learn about real-life firms
  - Learn about the fastest growing part of the economy

#### Broad skills

- How to think like an economist
- How to argue and present clearly
- Goal: train you to think rigorously, using theory and data, about new strategic situations you will encounter.

## How I use Strategy

#### Auction design

Design procurement systems for governments and car firms.

#### Pricing policies

Develop dynamic pricing algorithms for airlines.

#### Reputation

Analyze how reputation provides incentives to investment.

#### This is a broad based class

But choice of topics sometimes reflects my interests

# Logistics and Teaching Method

#### Lectures etc

#### Lectures

Tue, Thurs 9:30-10:45 (Lecture 1), 11:00-12:15 (Lecture 2)

#### Contacting me

- ▶ Please feel free to email me sboard@econ.ucla.edu
- Quick questions: right after class
- ▶ Longer discussions: office hours MW 4-5pm, Bunche 9353.

#### Website

 Syllabus, slides, readings can be found on www.econ.ucla.edu/sboard/teaching/tech\_I3/tech\_I3.html

#### Labs

#### Groups

Form group with 3 people in your lab section (TAs can match)

#### Lab lecture

- Case studies with guests
- Start with student presentation; then open discussion
- Attendance is compulsory, as is participation

#### Lab section

Used to practice presentations

#### The TAs are

- ▶ Tiago Caruso caruso@ucla.edu Labs 2B, 2C
- Xinyu Fan fanxy@ucla.edu Labs IA, IC
- ▶ Carlos Hernandez cehernandez@ucla.edu Labs IB, 2A

#### Content

- Your are responsible for assigned readings and everything that comes up in class
  - Sometime, key points will be things I say
  - Often, they will be things your peers say
- Prerequisites
  - ▶ Econ 11,41 and 101
  - Interest and enthusiasm.
- Remarks
  - We will use calculus
  - You are responsible for economic logic, not for the math

#### Course Evaluation

#### ▶ The course is not about

- Awarding grades
- Screening students
- Making you prove how hard you can work

#### It is about

- Becoming a better economist
- Improving your presentation/rhetorical skills
- Learning from your classmates

#### Course Evaluation

- ▶ 30% Case write-ups (in group)
  - Short answer questions each week.
  - ▶ 3 pages max, 1.5 spacing, font 11.
  - We will grade 5 of the 9 cases (you can drop lowest)
- ▶ 30% Final paper (in group)
  - Mini case study of firm you pick
- ▶ 30% Final
  - 3 hour case write up;
  - Closed book, but allowed 10 sides (5 pages) of notes
- ▶ 10% participation
- Lab grades: 100% participation
  - Case discussions and presentations

## Cases we will cover

- Facebook
- Electronic Arts
- ▶ eBay vs. Amazon
- Android
- Netflix
- Zappos
- Yelp
- ▶ eHarmony

#### Guests

- James Min, BA UCLA Econ, MBA Chicago
  - MD of Media Banking at Montgomery & Co.
- Barry Eggers, BA UCLA Econ, MBA Stanford
  - Founder and MD of Lightspeed Venture Partners
- Terry Kramer, BA UCLA Econ, MBA Harvard
  - Ambassador to World Conference on International Telecoms
- Gary Schoenberg, BA UCLA, MBA Stanford
  - CEO Pacific Sunwear; former CEO Vans
- Yair Landau, BA Chicago, MBA Stanford
  - Founder Mass Animation; Ex-President Sony Pictures Digital
- Greg Isaacs, BA Brandeis, MBA UCLA
  - Vice President, Digital Media, NFL

# Teaching Method

## Theoretical approach

- Start from first principles
- Informs what issues we should be concerned with
- But predictions may be ambiguous, or theory may be wrong

## An empirical approach

- Look at examples and find common elements of strategic decisions
- Embrace richness of real life problems
- But lose can lost the big picture, may mistake skill for luck, hard to identify key decisions,
- Should you just imitate successful firms?

## The challenge

Integrate the two approaches!

## Feedback

- This is a new, evolving course.
- Your feedback and suggestions regarding the course are very welcome at any time (email, in person etc).
- ▶ I will solicit preliminary feedback from the class during week 4.

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#### Materials

- Highly recommended
  - Shapiro and Varian, "Information Rules".
- More formal background
  - McAfee, "Competitive Solutions"
  - ▶ Cabral, ``Introduction to Industrial Organization"
- Case studies
  - Folder in library or buy at http://hbsp.harvard.edu/
- Articles
  - Links on website (let me know if they are broken)
- Slides
  - Posted online

## Prices for "Information Rules"

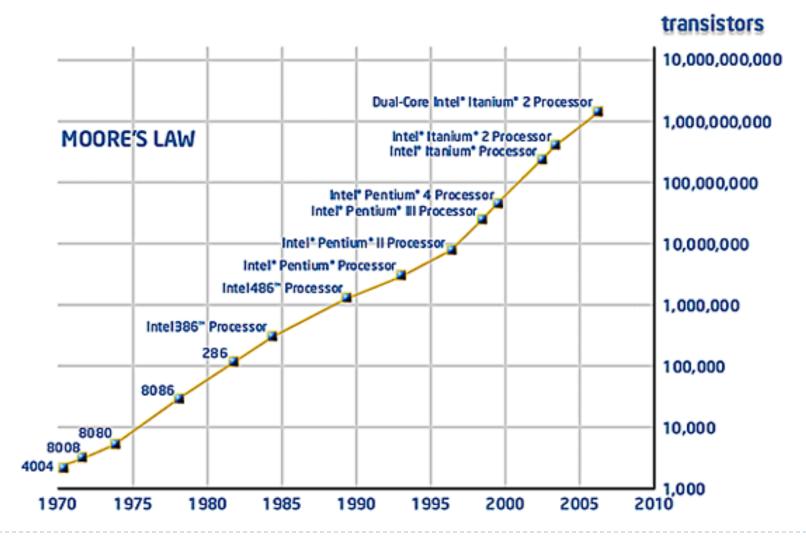
Featured Sellers		Seller Rating	Discounts	Price	BottomLinePrice™	
SEE IT	fextbooks.com  Add Merchant to Favorites	FEATURED	Free Shipping!	\$26.60	No Tax + Free Shipping \$26.60	
SEE IT	Buy.com Add Merchant to	FEATURED AAAA 11714 Reviews	Free Shipping!	\$25.07	+ \$2.44 tax + Free Shipping \$27.51	
More Sellers						
SEE IT	Valore Book Add Merchant to Favorites	Not Rated Write a Review	Free Shipping!	\$25.27	No Tax + Free Shipping \$25.27	28 s OFF
SEE IT	Barnes & Noble.com Add Merchant to Favorites	Fewer than 10 reviews Write a Review	Free Shipping!	\$32.49	+ \$2,68 tax + Free Shipping \$35.17	
SEE IT	Alibris Add Merchant to	**** 691 Reviews		\$20.25	+ \$1.47 tax + \$3.99 shipping \$25.71	

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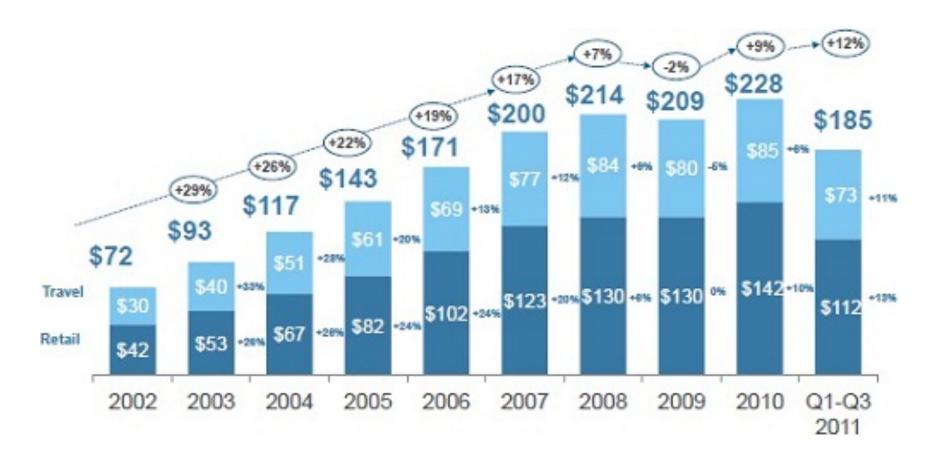
# Technology Changes Everything

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# Technological progress...



## The birth of new firms...



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## The end of others....

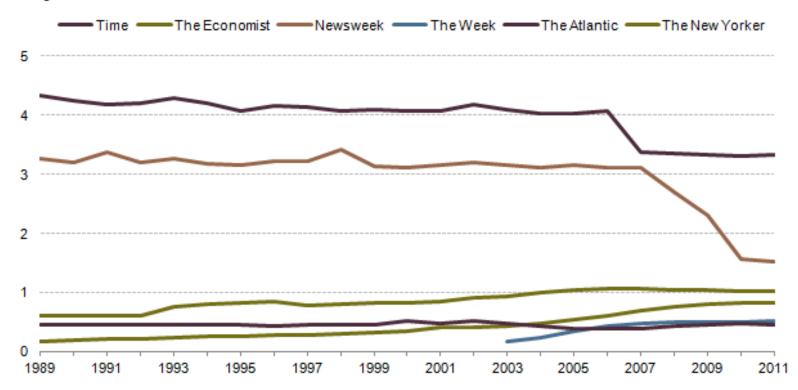
Figure 1: US Album Sales (incl dig singles)



## And others...

#### News Magazines Stabilize Their Overall Circulation

Average Overall Circulation in Millions



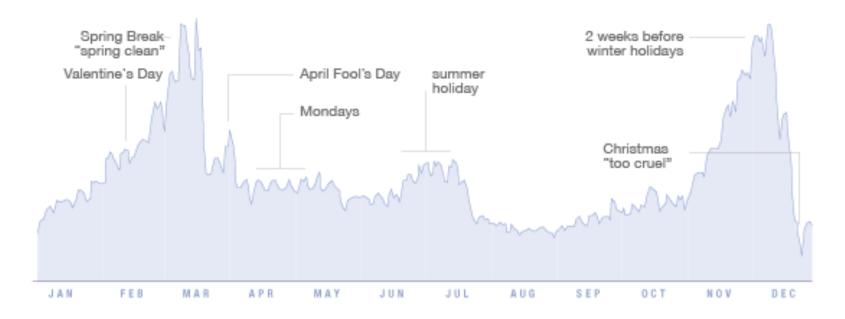
Source: Audit Bureau of Circulations, FAS-FAX report for consumer magazines

PEW RESEARCH CENTER'S PROJECT FOR EXCELLENCE IN JOURNALISM 2012 STATE OF THE NEWS MEDIA

# Availability of data...

#### Peak Break-Up Times

According to Facebook status updates



David McCandless & Lee Byron
InformationIsBeautiful.net / LeeBryon.com

source: searches for "we broke up because" taken from the infographic ultrabook The Visual Miscellaneum

# Technology Changes Everything.... Except Economics

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#### Overview

Groundwork

Industry Analysis

Competitive Advantage

Information Goods

Pricing Tools

Sources of Competitive Advantage

**Switching Costs** 

**Network Effects** 

**Platform Markets** 

Tools for Online Economies

Dynamic Pricing

Reputation Mechanisms

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# Versioning

- Intuition suggests that firm will charge higher price if good is more expensive to make
- But firm may pay money to create bad version of product
- Example: IBM Laserprinter
  - ▶ IBM inserted chip to halve speed of printer.
  - ▶ Then reduced price and marketed to households.
  - Inefficient but helped discriminate. Sold "Series E" to home market without cannibalizing professional model.
- Often seen with websites (e.g. NYT, Salon)
  - Have to pay or view ad to view all site.
- Blog Exercise: provide an example of versioning.

# Lock-in and Switching Costs

- Why did MS pay \$400m for Hotmail in 1997?
  - Hotmail had no source of revenue.
  - Why not lure all customers to MS email?
- Hotmail's customers were locked in
  - Have thousands of old messages.
  - File systems and contacts set up.
  - People know your email address.
- Gmail minimizes switching costs when joining
  - Import contacts and old emails.
  - Forward emails for three months.
- ...but raise switching costs when leaving?

#### Network Effects

- ▶ AOL Instant Messenger was launched in 1997.
  - People had "Buddy List".
  - Could chat with friends online.
- Network effects very important
  - I only want AIM if my friends have AIM.
  - Need to solve coordination problem.
  - Hard to break into market.
- Have different instant messenger systems
  - AIM, G-chat, Yahoo messenger, MSN messenger, Skype, ICQ.
- Interoperability
  - In 2006, Yahoo and MSN opened up to each other.

## Platform Markets

- I found my apartment through Westside Rentals
  - ▶ Charges \$60 for two months membership to search.
  - Free for landlords to post.
- Example of platform market (or two-sided market)
  - Facilitate interaction between two (or more) different groups.
- Why choose this pricing?
  - Why not charge posters (like monster.com with jobs)?
- Is it vulnerable to competitors?
  - Issue: Need to have both sides of the market.

# Behavior-Based Pricing

- Amazon knows about customers from past behavior.
  - Frequent customers buy lots of DVDs
  - Infrequent customers rarely buy DVDs
- Suppose a customer looks at "The Wire" Box Set.
  - Should Amazon charge different prices to different customers?
- Of course! They should charge more to customers with higher willingness to pay.
- But what if frequent customers find out? Will they still be frequent?
- In September 2000, Amazon was caught doing this. It resulted in a lot of publicity (Wash Post, Sept 27th).